

**2103000203023003**  
**EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2024**  
**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE ( NON-NEP ) (THIRD SEMESTER)**  
**(MTH-303-MATHEMATICS-VII)**  
**DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

[Time: As Per Schedule]

[Max. Marks: 50]

**Instructions:**

**1. Fill up strictly the following details on your answer book**

- a. Name of the Examination : **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE(NON-NEP) (THIRD SEMESTER)**
  - b. Name of the Subject : **MATHEMATICS PAPER - VII (MTH-303-MATHEMATICS-VII) DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION**
  - c. Subject Code No : **2103000203023003**
2. Sketch neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.
  3. Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question.
  4. All questions are compulsory.

Seat No:

--	--	--	--	--	--

Student's Signature

**Q.1 Answer any Five from the following.**

**10**

1. Find the general solution of  $x^2y'' + 4xy' + 2y = e^x$ .
2. Find the solution of a partial differential equation  $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$ .
3. Find the general solution of  $x^2y'' + y = 0$
4. Find Q1 for the differential equation  $y'' - 2\tan xy' + 5y = 0$
5. Find general integral of  $p + q = pq$
6. Find one solution  $y_1$  of  $xy'' - (x + 1)y' + y = x^2e^{2x}$
7. Form a partial differential equation from  $z = a(x + 1) + b$  by elimination arbitrary constants a and b.
8. Find one independent integral of  $xp + yq = z$ .

**Q.2 Find the general solution of the following differential equations. (ANY TWO)**

**10**

1. Discuss the method to solve homogeneous linear differential equation with variable coefficients into linear differential equations with constant coefficients by changing the independent variable.
2. Solve:  $x^2y'' - (2m - 1)xy' + (m^2 + n^2x^m \log x)$
3. Solve:  $(5 + 2x)^2y'' + 6(5 + 2x)^2y' + 8y = 2(2x + 5)^2$

**Q.3 Attempt any two:****10**

1. Discuss the method to solve second order linear differential equations by the removal of first derivative.
2. Solve:  $y'' - \frac{3}{x}y' + \frac{3}{x^2}y = 2x - 1$ .
3. Solve:  $y'' + \cot xy' + (4\operatorname{cosec}^2x)y = 0$ .

**Q.4 Attempt any two :****10**

1. Form a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants from  $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 + z^2 = c^2$ ; h and k are arbitrary constants.
2. Form a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from  $lx + my + nz = \phi(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$ ;  $\phi$  is the arbitrary function.
3. Solve:  $x(y^n - y^n)p + y(z^n - x^n)q = z(x^n - y^n)$ .

**Q.5 Attempt any two :****10**

1. Discuss the method to solve the standard form  $F(z, p, q) = 0$ .
2. Solve:  $z - px - qy = 3pq$ .
3. Solve:  $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 2x$ .

\*\*\*\*\*